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KITA received eight Kuwait University students accompanied by two professors from Aug. 1 to 10. They studied ardently the importance of harmony between industrial development and environmental conservation irrespective of their major subjects.

They were particularly concerned with the system of recycling-based society.

Message from President of KITA Aiming for expansion of the three R's

KITA celebrated its 25th anniversary last year. Starting with only one course in 1980, the number of training courses backed by ODA/JICA has increased to 29 in 2005. KITA has sent out a total of 4,117 training graduates to 118 different countries by JICA course and all other training courses. Through 2-3 month training courses, a bond of trust is developed between participants, course leaders and local citizens, spreading all over the world as a network of international friendship.

The environmental issue is not the only problem developing countries have to be concerned with, but it is a significant issue common to all human beings. We are receiving more and more requests for technological cooperation from many countries. Instead of closing a task by simply burying disposable waste in the ground, reducing ineffective production processes and labor and effectively producing high-quality products matching market demand bring about resource and energy conservation and Reduction of disposable waste. Furthermore, utilizing the other two Rs, namely Reusing and Recycling, reduces the final amount of disposed waste and helps build a recycling-based society, a crucial element in saving the global environment.

The city of Kitakyushu aims to become the "Environmental Capital of the World" and regards KITA as an important base for technological cooperation in achieving this goal.

KITA is actively making preparations for the transition into the future and for meeting participants' needs both in Japan and abroad, first by enhancing the staff of engineers and then by operating our organization in a flexible way based on the flat organization concept. We are now stepping forward into our 26th year, reaffirming our motto which has served us from the beginning: "Putting forth the ability of senior engineers in our community to serve international cooperation."

Dr. Takuo Kohno President of KITA

Dr. Kohno in Kuwait University Summer Program



Dr. Kohno (front row, center) after Wrap-up meeting



Dr. Kohno (center) together with Prof. Souhaila and Mr. Kono, Executive Director of JCCME



Dr. Kohno (right) discussing with the professors

News&Report The latest news from the former participants

The wonderful former participant's revisit Japan after 17 years

Mr. Mohammed Ali Hashim from Iraq visited KITA on June 27. He was a participant in the JICA group training course, "Maintenance Spare Parts Design and Production," held from November 1989 to April 1990. Mr. Hashim was then 36 and a promising mechanical and electrical chief design engineer of Iraqi Railways (see picture above). The past 17 years leading up to our reunion have turned him into an outstanding professional railroad man, now holding the title of Baghdad Area Director of the Iragi Republic Railways Company (see picture below).

On this trip to Japan, he was invited to the Conference for Railway Reconstruction and Humanitarian Support for Iraq, and participated in training at JR Kyushu in Fukuoka City to study everything about the Kyushu bullet train, from planning to operation.

He told us that he had planned to visit JICA Kyushu and KITA when his trip to Japan was decided, and he was kind enough to visit us despite his busy schedule. It was truly wonderful meeting again.

He brought his diploma received from KITA and we took out an album with pictures of the training course he participated in. We exchanged precious memories with each other and cherished every second of our reunion. Upon hearing of his ambition to reconstruct the railway in his home country, almost half of which was destroyed in the Irag War, and construct the necessary infrastructure for bullet trains in Iraq, all of us joined in wishing him the greatest success in his endeavors, before bidding him a fond farewell.



Kenzo Matsumoto Vice President of KITA



Mr. Mohammed Ali Hashim (front row, right) gives KITA delightful surprise

Interviews with Krakatau Steel

On the occasion of attending the Annual Meeting of the South East Asia Iron and Steel Institute (SEAISI) held in the Philippines, I visited Krakatau Steel in Indonesia. There I met Mr. Suardi and Mr. Zulham who were both participants in "Cleaner Production in Steel Industry" program this year and returned home after completing the course.

Upon being asked about the practical use of what they learned in the course and the current progress status of their Action Plans, they responded, "Studying at KITA was very beneficial" and "It is very useful for us in effectively executing our Action Plans." I also asked about their impressions of the city and people of Kitakyushu. They used such words as "clean," "well-ordered," and "kind" in their responses. In particular, they will never forget the hospitality they received from their Host Families.

They also commented, "I saw snow for the first time in my life! My dream came true," and "the New Year's party at Space World was very impressive." When they were asked what they anticipate for KITA in the future, they expressed their wish that KITA give more lectures regarding "process and products of the participants' native countries" and "state-of-art information about production technologies in Japan."

They both had very positive expectations for KITA. I also had an opportunity to talk with four other former participants; they all said that the training at KITA was a precious experience.

I believe that the purpose of education is not to give our knowledge piece by piece but is to bring up a talented person. Through this visit to Krakatau Steel, I truly recognized that this purpose is solidly being realized.

> Dr. Masakatsu Ueno Course Leader



Dr. Ueno discussed with Mr. Jatomiko (right), Directorate of Krakatau Steel

Recent activities for overseas development cooperation

JBIC Pilot Study for prevention of industrial pollution in Viet Nam

The Socialist Republic of Viet Nam has been attaining high economic growth. Meanwhile pollution has become outstanding in heavy-populated urban areas. The textile industry is one of the most pollution-causing industries. The dyeing works are discharging colored waste water to public drainages.

The installation of conventional "End of Pipe" waste water treatment facilities has immediate effect on pollution control, while this leads to an increase in the production cost. The concept of "Cleaner Production (CP)" aims to achieve streamlining of the manufacturing process and reducing environmental loads simultaneously.

The main objectives of the study are: 1) to analyze the current situation of environmental pollution caused by the textile industry, and the possibility of improvement through introduction of CP; 2) to estimate funds requirement for CP introduction; 3) to draw out an implementation plan of the prospective project.

Through the field survey, the study team has found the problems, which include excessive water consumption, low dyeing yield, and untreated colored waste water.

The study team developed improvement plans for each company visited and came up with some common advices applicable to dyeing works.

The team finished the study in July, and will submit the final report to JBIC until the end of August, which will be helpful to form the new ODA Loan Project by JBIC.

Dr. Ken-ichi Fujimoto Executive Technical Advisor, KITA

Technical cooperation in Chelyabinsk, Russia

A site investigation for the development of iron and steel slag treatment technology was conducted from July 9th to 15th in Chelyabinsk, Russia. The city of Chelyabinsk is an industrial city centered on the steel industry, located in the Southern Ural region, 1500km east of Moscow. It possesses a population of 1.1 million and has 35 universities with 65,000 students. The steel industry has a 43% share of the volume of industrial production. During the Soviet era, the city was prosperous in industry, particularly as machine product; base. Due to the fact that it was a base for important industrial products, foreigners were prohibited from entering the city until recently. A visit by a Japanese in the region is extremely rare.

On my visit, between the consulting tasks at TEPROPRIBOR-ECO ltd. in Chelyabinsk, we inspected several steel and non-ferrous slag disposal site in Chelyabinsk state. It was a 4-hour of drive on 200km of bumpy road from the center of the city to reach a disposal site of slag from steelworks and non-ferrous smelting factories. The disposal site of slag was certainly apparent and there were a number of people who were handpicking iron scrap. There was an accumulation of discarded nonferrous slag, totaling over 10 million tons, from nickel and copper refineries in the area, which was causing severe environmental pollution. Based on this inspection, disposal site of slag in the Chelyabinsk metallurgical plant will be the subject of consultation concerning iron and steel slag treatment. Non-ferrous slag is excluded as a subject for consultation at this time.

On our next visit, in September, we are planning to conduct sampling and analysis on the chosen slag disposal site.

We are also planning to discuss the slag treatment project.



at the kick off meeting with Ministry of Industry and Textile Research Institute

Kazuya Kudo Director of Technical Cooperation Division, KITA



all member of consultants with the partner in Chelyabinsk

Invited lecture to the steel industry in China

Upon receiving an invitation from the Central Iron & Steel Research Institute in China, I made a presentation on slag treatment technology and valid use of slag from July 31st to August 9th. During this period, I also conducted a fact-finding survey on the slag treatment conditions in China.

When I visited the slag treatment site for the Tonghua Steel works in Jilin province, I introduced Japanese technology and had a discussion with the personnel there. Even though it was a long trip to the Tonghua Steelworks, taking me 17 hours by sleeping rail road car, it was a precious experience to see first hand various towns and street scenes in northeastern China.

Slag treatment was implemented in various ways in Tonghua: ferrous materials were collected and slag was sold as cement material. Slag treatment in Tonghua is considered to represent the current condition of slag treatment in China. Every steelworks in China has its own way of implementing slag treatment, so it is expected that introducing Japanese technology into existing steelworks may be difficult. Therefore, it has been concluded that it is more realistic to introduce Japanese technology to new facilities in Caofeidian.

In order to support for promotion of new project in China we would like to keep good relationship to exchange information on this field, and it is great pleasure for me to know Dr. Liao, a training participant last year, has been promoted to the Chief Engineer of Technological Research Institute of Shougaug Group.

Finally, I would like to thank four ex-participants who met me in Beijing, where we held a reunion party for the Kudo class.

Kazuya Kudo

Director of Technical Cooperation Division, KITA

KITA technical adviser joins JICA Project in Egypt for environmental management

Egypt is confronting serious environmental pollution caused particularly by suspended particle matters (SPM) and oil pollution in coastal and estuarial areas. To cope with the issue, the Egyptian Government requested the Government of Japan technical cooperation for the capacity development of Egyptian Environmental Affairs Agency (EEAA) and it's Regional Branch Offices (RBOs) for improvement of the local environmental management.

In response to the request, JICA has been dispatching an Expert Team since November 2005. As KITA's Technical Adviser, I was dispatched from June 3 to July 2, 2006 to join the team to give assistance to the Egyptian counterparts in the capacity development of environmental management from the standpoint of production process improvement of the factories. The factories where the onthe-job training is going to be held will be selected from the petroleum-related industries in the city of Alexandria.

The Industrial Unit of EEAA and Alexandria RBO are playing the main role as our counterparts and their staff is so eager to realize their industrial pollution abatement program that sometimes the discussions between us were very heated.

After holding a workshop with the counterparts in Cairo, I returned home with the planned mission accomplished. Also the visits to the heritages of Egypt really took my breath away. The photo below shows me trying to climb up one of the great pyramids of Giza.

Toshiyasu Kaneko Technical Advisor, KITA



at Tonghua railway station in Jilin province



the great pyramid of Giza

Project for development of environmental education in Semarang City (JICA Grass Roots Partnership project)

This project spans 2 years from May 2006 to April 2008. Stepping forward from the completion of the last project done in 2001 to 2003, in which construction of a treatment plant for wastewater from Tofu (bean curd) and Tempe (fermented soybeans) factories causing water pollution in the Bajak River running through Jomblang District in Semarang City, and enhancement of environmental awareness are included, the current project further aims for a more advanced environmental education system and training of instructors in communities and schools in order to maintain the continuity of the education system. The project team consists of three members from Japan and three members from BINTARI (an environmental NGO in Semarang City).

In this project, on-the-job training (OJT) will be provided for BINTARI staff so that they will be able to continuously implement environmental education after the project. Through discussion among the project team, environmental education methods and educational materials appropriate for Semarang City will be developed. In addition, in Jomblang District as a model area, the effect of dissemination of environmental education will be evaluated by the amount of decrease of waste disposal into the Bajak River, which is currently conducted shamelessly.

The first survey in Semarang City was from June 28 to August 11, and meetings with related organizations and questionnaire surveys targeting community members and elementary school children were carried out.

While the project continues rather a long term, its developments will be from time to time reported to the KITA News.

JBIC survey on sewage system in Kunming City

The city of Kunming has a population of 5 million and is blessed with pleasantly warm weather throughout the year. Since ancient times, the city has been called the "Castle of Spring," and now is a major tourist spot in Yunnan province. The downtown area of Kunming City is located on the north side of Kunming Lake and is home to approximately 2.81 million people.

Due to rapid population growth in the Kunming downtown area and changes in production and life style, the inflow of untreated urban sewage increased during the 1990's causing serious deterioration of the water quality of the lake to such a degree that the water could not be used even for agriculture.

Now the City of Kunming has sewage treatment plants at six different locations, totaling a 555,000m³/day treatment capacity. However, in 2002, the amount of sewage from the downtown area reached 720,000m³/day and is expected to grow to 900,000m³/day by 2015.

In this connection, Japan offered an ODA loan to improve its sewer systems, enhance the capacity of the existing plants by $210,000m^3/day$, and construct the 7^{th} treatment plant with a capacity of $200,000m^3/day$.

In order to smoothly implement this project, which requires transfer of sewage technology from Japan and personnel development in the local government concerned, the City of Kitakyushu is entrusted by JBIC with conducting a survey on this.

Based on field surveys, which were conducted twice, the survey team is now making propositions regarding the management and operation of sewage treatment systems (including piping, treatment plants and sludge treatment) and training programs for personnel development.



conducting a questionnaire survey at an elementary school

Project Manager Kozo Kido Environmental Cooperation Center, KITA

Saburo Tsuruta Environmental Cooperation Center, KITA



treatment plant surrounded by residential areas

Survey on environment and tourism in Sri Lanka

Although Sri Lanka has a lot of natural and historical places to see and most of Japanese have favorable feelings toward the country, the number of tourists from Japan are rather small, approximately 20,000 people a year. In this context, Japan Bank for International Cooperation (JBIC) and the Government of Sri Lanka have agreed to implement Tourist Resources Improvement Project (TRIP) in November 2005.

KITA implemented a survey in local tourist cities in Sri Lanka as a JBIC study from July 10 to 20 in 2006 to provide support for TRIP from the environmental point of view. Two local cities, namely Nuwara Elliya, a highland resort city that has many tea plantations in central Sri Lanka, and Negombo, a coastal resort city that has beautiful beaches and fishing villages in the southeast, were surveyed, while the central government (Ministry of Tourism and Ministry of Environment) were also interviewed on their general policies on environmental management and tourism promotion.

As a result of this survey, it was found that both cities, Nuwara Elliya and Negombo, have same environmental problems, water pollution caused by domestic wastewater and solid waste management, which is also a main source of water pollution, although the characteristics of these cities are much different. On the other hand, it was revealed that the local governments have been conducting unique activities and the environmental NGOs have been enthusiastically making contributions. Now KITA is making a proposal for environmental improvement making good use of present cooperative relations between the local governments, NGOs and the citizens to support their tourism promotion. KITA hopes to continue relations with these cities and to have more cooperation projects in Sri Lanka in the future.

> Akiko Terashi & Ikuyo Shiba Environmental Cooperation Center, KITA



meeting with NGOs in Negombo

Close-up of Three Training Courses

I CLAIR training program in Kitakyushu

Two officials from local authorities in developing countries were invited to a six-month training course, from the end of June to the middle of December, in Kitakyushu City as a part of "Local Government Officials Training Program in JAPAN" organized by Ministry of Public Management and Council of Local Authorities for International Relations (CLAIR). The training in Kitakyushu aims to improve their administrative skills and knowledge needed for environmental management, its preservation, and international cooperation promoted by the Kitakyushu City. The program also aims to promote further exchange with their local authorities.

KITA has been involved in this program and accepted overseas participants since 2003. KITA has received following two participants this year.

1: an officer from the Environmental Bureau of Bangkok, Thailand 2: a chemist from the Meteorological and Hydrological Research Institute in Ho Chi Minh City, Vietnam.

The participant from Vietnam is having on-the-job training here at KITA/ECC, while the other is in the city office.

Ikuyo Shiba Environmental Cooperation Center, KITA



lecture at KITA (Lecturer: Mr. Tsuruta)

Close-up of Three Training Courses

I "Maintenance Management for Cleaner Production (CP) II" (JICA Group-focused training course)

This course has long history which offered 17 times since 1989 and has sent 142 participants from 37 countries out to the world. Since I took over the course leader two years ago, the curriculum has been revised to respond the changes of needs and seeds in the maintenance field, and reintroduced as "Maintenance Management II."

Maintenance management is an indispensable technology which is common to all industries and enterprises and its success or failure can impact not only corporate management but also the global environment.

Even though this is a training course offering lectures on basic technological and management methods, it also aims to develop capability of facility maintenance managers who can remove facility elements that interfere with CP and can also maximize the performance of the facility where they are in charge.

More concretely, in addition to the acquisition of advanced technology and methods, the curriculum also includes management for vitalization of maintenance site, how to impart basic skills to the younger generation, and preventive measures against grave facility breakdown and

labor accidents.

The participants were impressed not only with the contents of the course but also the diligent and disciplined people as well as Japanese culture. It was anticipated that they would make full use of what they learned here in Japan in their work after returning home.

Course Leader Takashi Ishikawa Sub-Leader Harumi Ono



at Shinkansen maintenance yard in Fukuoka

I Local Industry Activation Plan for Ghana (JICA Country-focused training course)

This course commenced in 2004 with the objective of training personnel to promote the local industry activation plan implemented by the Ghanaian government.

The local industry activation plan is a national policy for the development of small- and medium-size enterprises and the promotion of industrialization in Ghana by carrying out the Ghanaian version of the "one village one product" campaign conducted by village-operated joint enterprise cooperatives. While the JICA headquarters offers a pilot project practically, this course will provide personnel training for the operational aspects in conjunction with the JICA project.

Actually, this is the first time for KITA to offer a training course related to company management. However, this course will open up new support fields for KITA to provide, training for human resource cultivation for promoting industrialization in developing countries.

Even though the term of the course is only about one month, the curriculum includes three main emphases: acquisition of management knowledge, the role of administration, and benchmarking at visiting/inspecting sites. 8 participants are received every year. The first year, administrators from national-level administrative organizations participated in the course, and administrators from local-level organizations participated in the second year. The vice minister of the Ministry of Trade and Industry also participated in the second year, and KITA recognized participants' high expectations to this course. For the third year, personnel in the villageoperated joint enterprise cooperatives, which are the core of local industry activation, are planning to participate in the course.

Course Leader Yoshio Miki



preparing Action Plan after discussion

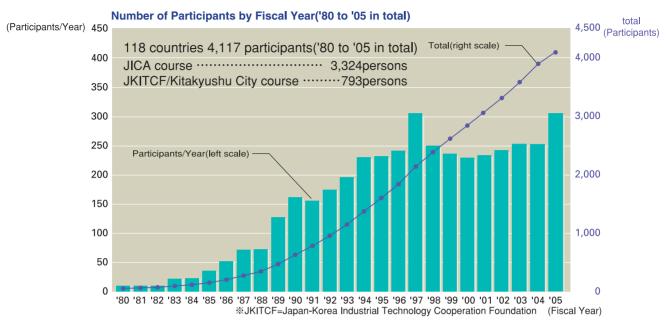
Present Situation of KITA Training Course

International training course enforcement plan in 2006

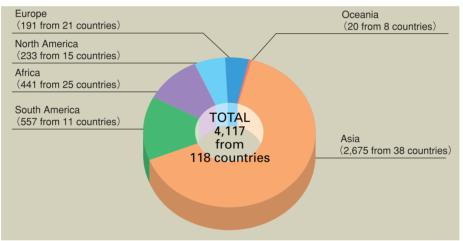
			JICA Sed training	KITA Individual training
No	Title of training course	2006 2007 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 1 2 3 4 5 6	Leader	Capacity
1	Technologies to improve productivity, qu Cleaner Production in steel industry		UENO	5
2	Cleaner Production in process industries		ABE	6
3	Practical production management		HORIKAWA	8
4	Promotion of small and medium enterprises for Ghana		MIKI	3
5	Technologies for metal forming and quality improvement		KAYAMA	8
6	Technologies to improve productivity for engineers of factory		HARUTA	8
7	Basic management course for managers of small & medium scale enterprise		ISHII	8
	Plant engineering, maintenance technol	pay and CP		
8	Plant maintenance management for Cleaner Production(CP)		ISHIKAWA(ONO)	7
9	Plant maintenance technology for Cleaner Production (CP)		KENMOCHI	6
10	Computerized machine control Construction of the advanced equipment system for CP		TANIGUCHI	5
11	Non-destructive inspection technology		ΤΟΥΑΜΑ	8
12	Technologies for efficient utilization of plant equipment		KITADA	8
	Environmental conservation and pollution	n prevention technology		
13	Environmental protection technology against air pollution		NISHINO	15
14	Solid waste management for Nepal		KANEKO	6
15	Domestic wastewater treatment technique		OGAWA(YAMAGUCHI)	8
16	Industrial wastewater treatment technology 2		ARAKAWA(MANABE)	8
17	Industrial pollution control for Central and Eastern European Countries		YONEZAWA	10
18	Air pollutant source monitoring		KORO	8
19	Occupational health management for sustainable development		TAKAHASHI	10
20 21	Air and water pollution prevention for oil industry engineers		TANAKA	8 ×2
22	Industrial environmental measures		KAWASAKI	8
23	Administration for food health		TERASAKI	10
	Environment and energy saving manage	ement, CP and Recycling.based Society		
24	Development of management capability on environment, resources and energy for Chinese steel industry		KUDO(NISHINO)	9
25	Energy management		YAZU	11
26	Capacity development of environmental management		MINAMI	10
27 28	Development of Recycling.based Society for China		SASHIWA	10 ×2
29	Development of Recycling.based Society for ASEAN		KAWAI	12
30	Creation of Recycling.based Society for ASEAN(programmed by prefecture)		TAJIMA(SASHIWA)	10
31	Creation of Recycling.based Society for China(programmed by prefecture)		TAJIMA(SASHIWA)	8
				(2006/8/29)

(2006/8/29)

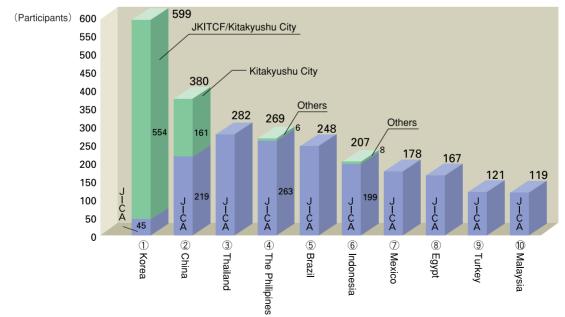
Number of overseas participants received by KITA



Number of Participants by Region('80 to '05 in total)



Number of Participants by High-ranking 10 countries('80 to '05 in total)



International friendship promotion

Acquainting with program participants is my treasure

Host Family Member Michie Yahiro

I moved to the United States on my own to study English 17 years ago, which had been my earnest wish for a long time. During my stay, the kindness I received from many people encouraged me to overcome feelings of loneliness. Their warm-hearted hospitality helped me clear away the barrier of differences in race, language and culture.

After coming back home, I hoped to return such kindness to people who visit Japan from foreign countries, and so I decided to participate in the Home Visit program offered by KITA. Even though I was first concerned about how I should host participants, I made up my mind to participate in the program just to have a delighted time with them and not worry about small details.

Every time I participate in the Home Visit program, I realize that there is so much to learn through interactions and exchanges with people from various countries and cultures, and sometimes these experiences make me recognize how fortunate I was to be born and raised in Japan.

I used to think that my tiny effort could be of help to the Home Visit participants, but now I admit that I am the one who has received so many precious experiences. Acquainting with participants has truly become my treasure.

The joys of being a Host Family Host Family Member Mitsushi Shiraishi

My wife and I received great hospitality and kindness while we lived in Brazil. So, we have tried to stay in touch with some Brazilians whom we met here in Japan after we returned home. We have participated in the Host Family program since about 10 years ago, hoping to return the hospitality received in Brazil and not forget the language.

Through this program, we have experienced many precious encounters with people and learned so much from them. Once we intended to give hospitality to them, but there was the time Hormando from Brazil and his three friends came over to help us make rice cake for end-of-the-year celebrations. When Leandro, a younger friend of Hormando, came to visit us, we found out that Marina, who was a graduate student and was staying in KIC, was the daughter of an old colleague at work. We were in big surprise at this wonderful coincidence.

A young man from Bangladesh, Enayet, taught us that the name of his country is pronounced more like "Banladesh." Nedim from Turkey taught us about how beautiful the ocean adjacent to Greece. Gustavo from Bolivia regretted the fact that people who grow coca plants are regarded as villains because some of them produce drug and export them, although coca leaves are effective medicine for stomach pain.

Through these experiences, we have enjoyed precious discoveries that cannot be acquired in books or in the media.



enjoying big rice cracker (Senbei)



Samurai pose at Kumamoto castle

News and Information

KITA has entered into the cooperation with Japan-China Friendship Center

There had been the ceremony of the 10th anniversary of Japan-China Friendship Environmental Protection Center on July 2 in Beijing. The Chinese government invited Mr. Sueyoshi, Mayor of Kitakyushu city and Dr. Kohno, President of KITA to this ceremony.

On the same day, Signing Ceremony of Civil Exchange Program was held in Great Hall of the People. From Japan, Kitakyushu city and KITA attended this signing ceremony with 4 organizations (IGES, OECC, JETA, NIES), and signed the triangular memorandum of cooperation with Japan-China Friendship Environmental

Korean TV Network Interview of KITA

On July 4th, 2006, Mr. Jeong Byeong June, Senior Reporter of Korean Broadcasting System (KBS) in Gwangju, visited Kitakyushu to interview on the international cooperation activities of KITA.

After introducing an overview of KITA, including its history, the organization and the status of current activities, we focused mainly on the Seminar for Engineers in Korean small and medium-size enterprises initiated in 1994 in terms of the status of the technological cooperation with Korea. This seminar celebrated its 13th anniversary this year, and has reached a total of 437 participants so far, which is the largest number of participants accepted from one single country. We explained that this wonderful result is due to the extremely strong cooperation on the personnel level between the two nations.

In addition, in order to illustrate environmental

Protection Center and Kitakyushu city on environmental affairs. The memorandum targets the exchange of information on environmental conservation, dispatch experts and receiving trainees on mutually.

IGES : Institute for Global Environmental Strategies OECC: Overseas Environmental Cooperation Center JETA : Japan Environmental Technology Association NIES : National Institute for Environmental Studies

> Muneo Fujishige Managing Director of KITA

cooperation projects with China, KITA completed "Environmental model area development plan in Dalian" entrusted by JICA. Thanks to the activities based on this plan, "Global 500" was awarded to Dalian-city by UNEP in 2005. There is no doubt that the explanation of background on this matter was helpful for him to get deeper understanding of KITA.



Kenzo Matsumoto Vice President of KITA

Opening of Water & Sewage Cooperation Center

Water and Sewage Cooperation Center was newly opened in the KITA Environmental Cooperation Center, in July 2006. This cooperation center will offer timely and flexible services to support the improvement of sanitation conditions in developing countries, which are expected to have greater needs in future, and technological cooperation in the water and sewage field for urban areas overseas.

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